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5 Attorneys for Defendant  
6 TARGET STORES, a division  
of Target Corporation, erroneously  
7 sued herein as Target Corporation

8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9  
10 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

11 LYNN FAWKES and JOHN FAWKES, )

12 Plaintiffs, )

13 vs. )

14 TARGET CORPORATION, and DOES 1-40, )  
15 inclusive, )

16 Defendants. )  
17 )

Case No.: C-08-02034 JW (PVT)

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

Complaint Filed: March 7, 2008

18  
19 **1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS**

20 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of  
21 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public  
22 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted.  
23 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated  
24 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on  
25 all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the  
26 limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as  
27 confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this  
28 Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil

1 Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will  
2 be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

3 **2. DEFINITIONS**

4 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,  
5 consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

6 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the  
7 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,  
8 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to  
9 discovery in this matter.

10 2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how generated,  
11 stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards developed  
12 under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

13 2.4 "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items: extremely  
14 sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or non-party  
15 would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less restrictive means.

16 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a  
17 Producing Party.

18 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery  
19 Material in this action.

20 2.7 Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items that  
21 it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential –  
22 Attorneys' Eyes Only."

23 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as  
24 "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

25 2.9 Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are  
26 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

27 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

28 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as their

1 support staffs).

2 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent  
3 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a  
4 consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of a competitor  
5 of a Party's and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party  
6 or a competitor of a Party's. This definition includes a professional jury or trial consultant retained  
7 in connection with this litigation.

8 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services  
9 (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations; organizing,  
10 storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and subcontractors.

### 11 3. SCOPE

12 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material  
13 (as defined above), but also any information copies or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies,  
14 excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by  
15 parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

### 16 4. DURATION

17 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this  
18 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order  
19 otherwise directs.

### 20 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

21 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party  
22 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to  
23 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A  
24 Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material,  
25 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the  
26 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept  
27 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

28 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are

1 shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to  
2 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary  
3 expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

4 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it  
5 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of  
6 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is  
7 withdrawing the mistaken designation.

8 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order  
9 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,  
10 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the  
11 material is disclosed or produced.

12 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

13 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions  
14 or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend  
15 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the top  
16 of each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a  
17 page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected  
18 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each  
19 portion, the level of protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY  
20 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

21 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for  
22 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated  
23 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the  
24 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY  
25 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the  
26 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,  
27 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified  
28 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or

1 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”) at the top of each page that  
2 contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualified for  
3 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making  
4 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection  
5 being asserted (either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEY’S  
6 EYES ONLY”).

7 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,  
8 that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the  
9 close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify  
10 any portions of the testimony that qualify as “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEY’S  
11 EYES ONLY.” When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is  
12 entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify  
13 for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on  
14 the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to  
15 identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the  
16 level of protection being asserted (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –  
17 ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately  
18 designated for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated  
19 Protective Order.

20 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the  
21 court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or  
22 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or non-  
23 party offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

24 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any  
25 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the  
26 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL”  
27 or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – FOR ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only portions of the  
28 information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify

1 the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly  
2 Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

3 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
4 designate qualified information or items as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’  
5 Eyes Only” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection  
6 under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as “Confidential” or  
7 “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” after the material was initially produced, the  
8 Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure  
9 that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

10 **6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

11 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s  
12 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary  
13 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive  
14 its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly  
15 after the original designation is disclosed.

16 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating  
17 Party’s confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by  
18 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient)  
19 with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis  
20 for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating  
21 Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no  
22 change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging  
23 Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and  
24 confer process first.

25 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a confidentiality  
26 designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may file and serve a  
27 motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) that  
28 identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge. Each such



1 motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has complied  
2 with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets forth with  
3 specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the Designating  
4 Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

5 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating  
6 Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the material in  
7 question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation.

8 **7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

9 **7.1 Basic Principles.** A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed  
10 or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
11 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to  
12 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has  
13 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11, below (FINAL  
14 DISPOSITION).

15 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in  
16 a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

17 **7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items.** Unless otherwise  
18 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may  
19 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

20 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as  
21 employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this  
22 litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached  
23 hereto as Exhibit A;

24 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the  
25 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have  
26 signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

27 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure  
28 is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by

Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

(g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”

Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only to;

(a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, and (2) who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A).

(c) the Court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the “Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order” (Exhibit A); and

(e) the author of the document or the original source of the information.



1           **8.       PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN**  
2 **OTHER LITIGATION**

3           If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that  
4 would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as  
5 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” the  
6 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately  
7 and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification  
8 must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

9           The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the  
10 subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the  
11 subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must  
12 deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that  
13 caused the subpoena or order to issue.

14           The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this  
15 Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its  
16 confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating  
17 Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential  
18 material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a  
19 Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

20           **9.       UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

21           If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected  
22 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective  
23 Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the  
24 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c)  
25 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this  
26 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgement and Agreement to  
27 Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.  
28

1           **10.     FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

2           Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after  
3 appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action  
4 any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply  
5 with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

6           **11.     FINAL DISPOSITION**

7           Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within sixty days  
8 after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to  
9 the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies,  
10 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the  
11 Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party  
12 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected  
13 Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the  
14 Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day  
15 deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was  
16 returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,  
17 abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected  
18 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all  
19 pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product,  
20 even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or  
21 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4  
22 (DURATION), above.

23           **12.     MISCELLANEOUS**

24           12.1   Right to Further Relief.   Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to  
25 seek its modification by the Court in the future.

26           12.1   Right to Assert Other Objections.   By stipulating to the entry of this Protective  
27 Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any  
28 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no

1 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by  
2 this Protective Order.

3 **IT IS SO STIPULATED THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD:**

4  
5 DATED: July 3, 2007/8

BALAMUTH HARRINGTON, LLP

6  
7 By: 

JIM W. YU, ESQ.  
Attorney for Plaintiffs  
LYNN FAWKES and JOHN FAWKES

8  
9  
10  
11 DATED: July 7, 2008

BOORNAZIAN, JENSEN & GARTHE  
A Professional Corporation

12  
13 By: 

GAIL C. TRABISH, ESQ.  
Attorneys for Defendant  
TARGET STORES, a division of  
Target Corporation, erroneously sued  
herein as Target Corporation

14  
15  
16  
17 **PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.**

18  
19 DATED: July 14, 2008



HON. :XXXXXXXXXXXX Patricia V. Trumbull  
UNITED STATES :XXXXXXXXX JUDGE

Magistrate

20  
21  
22  
23 253691436590

**EXHIBIT A**

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND**

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under  
penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order  
that was issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of California on  
\_\_\_\_\_ [date] in the case of *Lynne and John Fawkes v. Target Corporation*, Case No.:  
C-08-02034 JW (PVT). I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated  
Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to  
sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in  
any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any  
person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after the termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full  
name] of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type  
full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection  
with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_  
[printed name]

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
[signature]

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**  
**(28 U.S.C. §1746)**

I am employed in the County of Alameda, State of California. I am over the age of 18 years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 555 12th Street, Suite 1800, P. O. Box 12925, Oakland, California 94604-2925.

I am readily familiar with the business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. On the date indicated below, at the above-referenced business location, I sealed envelopes, enclosing a copy of the **STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**, addressed as shown below, and placed them for collection and mailing following ordinary business practices to be deposited with the United States Postal Service on the date indicated below:

Jim W. Yu, Esq.  
Balamuth Harrington, LLP  
3 Altarinda Road, #202  
Orinda, CA 94563  
(925) 254-1234 phone  
(925) 254-0778 fax

**Attorneys for Plaintiff**

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed at Oakland, California on July 7, 2008.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Alexine Braun

25369436590